GRADE LEVEL	:	5-6 TOPIC:	SHAPE		
Essential Ques	tio	าร:			
• What a	re tl	ne most effective ways to u	se the elements of art and prin	cipals of design in art?	
			ements of art and principles of	design together in art?	
		art affect our every day live	es?		
		important?			
		e purpose of art?			
How do	es	art make us feel?			
What m	ate	rials are used to create art	?		
		created?			
		e use art as a form of com			
Performance	G	uided Questions	Grade Specific	Classroom Ideas	Assessment Ideas
Indicators			Performance Indicators	(Instructional Strategies)	(Evidence of Learning)
Standard 1, 2, 3, and 4	• • • • • • •	How is shape defined in the discipline of art? In what ways can shape be described? How can shapes be manipulated? What are the different kinds of shapes you find in art? How are the shapes used? What do you notice about the shapes and how they are placed in the space of the picture/sculpture? When are shapes used to create a positive or negative spaces? How does an artist use shapes to create balance in art? What is a geometric shape? What is an organic shape? How do you use shapes to create rhythm and patterns in art?	 Identify shape as an Element of Art and defined as a contained area created by lines, contrast, and colors. Recognize shapes in art. Using shapes that are implied or created with lines. Recognize the differences and importance of geometric shapes and organic shapes. Recognize a geometric shape as a shape made with straight lines and edges. Define an organic shape as a shape that uses curved or flowing lines. Distinguish the difference between a geometric shape and organic shape. Combine shapes to form objects. Plan, control, and combine different shapes using a variety of tools, 	 Explore how cubist artists such as Pablo Picasso used shapes in their art and paint a cubist style painting by looking at a still life. Create shapes that are three-dimensional. Use values to enhance the three-dimensional quality. Look at various artists' artwork, discuss the kinds of shapes they used and how they created balance in their art with those shapes. Look at sculpture and discuss how shapes are used. Create an abstract sculptor that is created using basic shapes and found objects. Look at Marc Chagall's paintings after listening to his autobiographical book and draw a surreal scene that uses strong lines and dream like qualities. Look at how Joan Miro used shapes to create an abstract shapes. Use construction paper and create an abstract 	 Create a portfolio. Design and create a piece of art Self-Critique Critique other art Group centers Written response Active group participation in a discussion Teach observation Daily classroom work

 Look at a shapes a of negative Discuss h used the balance i Create rh 	 intended results. artwork that uses as either positive tive spaces. show the artist e shapes to create in the art. rhythm and in art by using
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Connections to Technology:

Use various web sites and internet search engines to find works of art to complement the particular project or artist the class is studying. Use the projector to exhibit the examples of art. Incorporate the SmartBoard technology to help demonstrate, model or assess student understanding of the material.

Key Vocabulary:

shape (Geometric shape, organic shape, square, hexagon, octagon, rectangle, circle, oval, rectangle, cylinder, spherical shape, found objects, rhythm, pattern, Joan Miro)

GRADE LEVEL:	3-4	TOPIC:	SHAPE		
Essential Quest	ions:				
What are	e the most eff	fective ways to us	se the elements of art and prin	cipals of design in art?	
• In what v	vays can l ind	corporate the ele	ments of art and principles of o	design together in art?	
		our every day live			
• Why is a	rt important?	?			
	he purpose o				
	s art make u				
• What ma	terials are us	sed to create art?			
• How is a	rt created?				
		s a form of com	nunication?		
Performance	Guided Ques		Grade Specific	Classroom Ideas	Assessment Ideas
Indicators			Performance Indicators	(Instructional Strategies)	(Evidence of Learning)
Standard 1, 2, 3, and 4	 the discipl In what was be describ How can semanipulat What are kinds of slin art? How are the used? What do year the shape are placed the picture Can the semanipulate and the s	shapes be red? the different hapes you find he shapes you notice about es and how they d in the space of e/sculpture? hapes be as positive or spaces? geometric	 Identify shape as an Element of Art and defined as a contained area created by lines, contrast, and colors. Using shapes that are implied or created with lines. Recognize a geometric shape as a shape made with straight lines and edges. Define an organic shape as a shape that uses curved or flowing lines. Distinguish the difference between a geometric shape and organic shape. Recognize the differences and importance of geometric shapes. Combine shapes to form objects. Plan, control, and combine different shapes using a variety of tools, methods, and materials to 	 Combine shapes to make a human face. Use shapes to create a human figure. Use geometric shapes to create a still-life image inside. Color the organic shapes with warm colors and geometric with colors. Look at Keith Harring's people and make a painting using geometric shapes as patterns in the background and organic shapes to create the person. Study Chinese art and how they use shapes to create a Chinese lantern out of shapes. Use shapes made from cardboard, paper, and other found objects to make an abstract sculpture. Read Vincent Van Gogh's Cat. Color in a painting and cut out the shape of a cat. 	 Create a portfolio. Design and create a piece of art Self-Critique Critique other art Group centers Written response Active group participation in a discussion Teach observation Daily classroom work

Connections to Technology:

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Key Vocabulary:

shape (Geometric shape, organic shape, square, hexagon, octagon, rectangle, circle, oval, rectangle, cylinder, spherical shape, abstract art, found art)

GRADE LEVEL:	1-2 TOPIC:	SHAPE		
Essential Quest	ions:			
• What are	e the most effective ways to	use the elements of art and prin	ncipals of design in art?	
		lements of art and principles of		
	es art affect our every day liv		5 5	
	art important?			
	the purpose of art?			
	es art make us feel?			
	aterials are used to create ar	t?		
	art created?			
	we use art as a form of con	nmunication?		
Performance	Guided Questions	Grade Specific	Classroom Ideas	Assessment Ideas
Indicators		Performance Indicators	(Instructional Strategies)	(Evidence of Learning)
Standard 1, 2, 3, and 4	 How is shape defined in the discipline of art? How can you create a shape? What kinds of shapes are there? What is a geometric shape? What is an organic shape? How can shapes be manipulated? What shapes do you see when looking at a person? How do architects use shapes in architecture? What tools do artists use to create straight and even lined shapes? 	 Identify shape as an Element of Art and defined as a contained area created by lines, contrast, and colors. Recognize that shapes can be formed by lines or colors. Identify the basic geometric shapes: Squares, circles, triangles, diamonds, rectangles, octagons, and 	 Use a variety of media to create shapes to combine in a work of art. Use shapes to create a portrait of a person. Create a human figure using shapes as the structural foundation. Look at Paul Klee's art and how the artist combined shapes to make whole pictures. Study Piet Mondrian's art and create an abstract design like his. Trace shapes using a tracer. Use mosaic squares to create a picture. Study primitive art in caves and see how they used shapes to create stories. Create a primitive story that the cave people might have drawn using textured paper as a surface and colored hard pastels. Look at Eric Carl and how he 	 Create a portfolio. Design and create a piece of art Self-Critique Critique other art Group centers Written response Active group participation in a discussion Teach observation Daily classroom work

Connections to Technology:

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Key Vocabulary: Shape (square, circle, dimond, hexagon, octagon, rectangle, oval, rectangle, self-portrait, portrait, figure, figure in motion, Keith Haring, Paul Klee, Piet Mondrian, arciteture.)

 In what What im Why is a What is How doe What mathematical data with the second s	e the most effective ways to			
Performance Indicators	Guided Questions	Grade Specific Performance Indicators	Classroom Ideas (Instructional Strategies)	Assessment Ideas (Evidence of Learning)
Standard 1, 2, 3, and 4	 How is shape defined in the discipline of art? How can shapes be manipulated? What tools or materials can be used to create shapes? What are some of the common shapes? 	 Identify shape as an Element of Art and defined as a contained area created by lines, contrast, and colors. Recognize that shapes can be formed by lines or colors. Recognize the different materials and objects that can be used to draw or trace a shape. Create a variety of different shapes using lines. Recognize the name of common shapes (Heart, square, circle, rectangle, triangle) and draw them. 	 Organize and identify different shapes by categories. Use a variety of media to create shapes to combine in a work of art. Use a variety of objects to trace shapes with. Look at the story that is illustrated using basic shapes to create the characters in the book and re-create the character using basic shapes and tracers. Make a pumpkin print and create a pumpkin patch. 	 Create a portfolio. Design and create a piece of art Self-Critique Critique other art Group centers Written response Active group participation in a discussion Teach observation Daily classroom work

Key Vocabulary: Shape (square, circle, rectangle, diamond, heart, leaf.)